

Write each polynomial in standard form. Determine if it is a monomial, binomial, or trinomial. State the degree of the polynomial.

1) $-15x + 2x^2$
 $2x^2 - 15x$
binomial
degree: 2

2) $-15x + 2 - 3x^2$
 $-3x^2 - 15x + 2$
trinomial
degree: 2

3) $5x^1$
 $5x$
monomial
degree: 1

Determine whether each expression is a polynomial. If it is NOT a polynomial, explain WHY.

4) $6m^{-4}$
not a polynomial
there is a negative exponent

5) $3x^2 - \sqrt{x}$
not a polynomial
an exponent can be written as a fraction

6) $4x^2 + 5$
polynomial

Simplify each expression using addition or subtraction.

7) $(2t^3 - 6t^2 + 9) + (t^3 - 4t^2 - 8)$
 $3t^3 - 10t^2 + 1$

8) $(8k^3 + 3k^2 - 8k) - (-4k^3 + k)$
 $12k^3 + 3k^2 - 9k$

Determine the product of the polynomials using the Distributive Property.

9) $2x(x - 4)$
 $2x^2 - 8x$

10) $2x(x^2 + 4x - 3)$
 $2x^3 + 8x^2 - 6x$

11) $-(n^2 + 2n - 7)$
 $-n^2 - 2n + 7$

Determine the product using one of the following methods: Distributive Property, FOIL, or Multiplication Tables.

12) $(x + 4)(2x - 4)$
 $2x^2 + 4x - 16$

13) $(2x + 1)(3x - 3)$
 $6x^2 - 3x - 3$

Determine the product using either the Distributive Property or Multiplication Tables.

14) $(x - 2)(x^2 - 3x + 4)$
 $x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x - 2x^2 + 6x - 8$
 $x^3 - 5x^2 + 10x - 8$

15) $(2c + 3)(c^2 - 5c - 8)$
 $2c^3 - 10c^2 - 16c + 3c^2 - 15c - 24$
 $2c^3 - 7c^2 - 31c - 24$

Factor out the GCF for each polynomial.

$$16) \frac{y^3}{y} + \frac{2y^2}{y} + \frac{10y}{y} = y^2 + 2y + 10$$

$$\underline{y(y^2 + 2y + 10)}$$

$$17) \frac{2g}{2} + \frac{18}{2} = g + 9$$

$$\underline{2(g + 9)}$$

$$18) \frac{2x^3}{2x} - \frac{12x}{2x} = x^2 - 6$$

$$\underline{2x(x^2 - 6)}$$

Factor each polynomial. Remember to factor out the GCF first, if possible.

$$19) x^2 - 2x - 8$$

$$\underline{(x-4)(x+2)}$$

$$20) \frac{5k^2}{5} + \frac{5k}{5} - \frac{10}{5} = k^2 + k - 2$$

$$k^2 + k - 2 = (k+2)(k-1)$$

$$\underline{5(k+2)(k-1)}$$

$$21) 3x^2 - 13x + 10$$

$$\underline{(3x-10)(x-1)}$$

SOLVE each quadratic equation by factoring.

$$22) x^2 + 10x + 24 = 0$$

$$(x+6)(x+4) = 0$$

$$\underline{x = -6 \text{ or } x = -4}$$

$$23) w^2 - 13w + 40 = 0$$

$$(w-5)(w-8) = 0$$

$$\underline{w = 5 \text{ or } w = 8}$$

$$24) a^2 - 2a - 15 = 0$$

$$(a-5)(a+3) = 0$$

$$\underline{a = 5 \text{ or } a = -3}$$

$$25) n^2 - 6n + 9 = 0$$

$$(n-3)(n-3) = 0$$

or

$$(n-3)^2$$

$$\underline{n = 3}$$

$$26) \frac{x^2}{5x} + \frac{10x}{5x} = 0$$

$$\frac{x}{5} + 2$$

$$x + 2$$

$$5x(x+2) = 0$$

$$\underline{x = 0 \text{ or } x = -2}$$

$$27) \overset{14}{3}m^2 + 16 = -10m$$

$$3m^2 + 14m + 16 = 0$$

$$(m+2)(3m+8) = 0$$

$$\underline{m = -2 \text{ or } m = -\frac{8}{3}}$$

28) What do the solutions to a quadratic equation represent on a graph?

x-intercepts